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THURSDAY, *OCTOBER* 7, 1736.

To the Society of GRUB-STREET.

Gentlemen,

IT is now ſome time ſince I offered you my thoughts (in *Journal* 335 and 336) on the *Archæomania*, an odd ſpecies of Frenzy, the object of which is National Antiquity. I then took the liberty to ſhew, what ſymptoms I diſcovered of this diſtemper in the lucubrations of CALEDON, a northern member of your Society: and marked certain inſtances in him of heat and error, which appeared to me the plain conſequences of that irregular motion in his brain.

This has highly exaſperated him; and, as is often done by perſons in his unhappy condition, he has diſcharged the whole fury on the phyſician, that too officiouſly offered him aſſiſtance. You have ſeen the laſt overflowings of his Frenzy, in the Letter of *Journal* 343 and 344, ſigned *John of Lochaber*. Writings of people in his caſe, are of juſt the ſame uſe as their urine. They not only ſerve to carry off certain ſediments of humour and bile, but they give us alſo a clear light into the ſtate and progreſs of their diſorder. From the examination of the Gentleman's laſt Letter I find, that his ſymptoms are very much increaſed. His choler ſeems to have heightened the Frenzy, and the ſmall check he receiv'd from me, has almoſt deprived him of the little remains of reaſon. His errors are now as complicated, as his deluſion deſperate. He raves of Authors he has never ſeen, dreams of facts he never heard of, anſwers objections that were never made, and makes objections too ridiculous to be anſwered. His memory appears to be either loſt, or entirely confuſed: And he ſeems to have juſt ſenſe enough left to have recourſe to Obloquy, Scurrility, and Falſehood, when he is utterly deſtitute of arguments. *Illiterate Scribler* and *Chimney-ſweeper* are ſome of the flowers of his Rhetorick.

What his deſign was in changing his name, I cannot pretend to ſay. Was it that the vaineſt of men might with more decency applaud his own immenſe erudition? But he has entirely ruin'd his pretenſions to learning, by his ridiculous blunders about the meaning of the name *Philalethes*. Was it to impoſe on his readers, and to make us imagine that there was another of his countrymen as ignorant, and as mad as himſelf? But a meer change of name, without a correſpondent change of ſentiments, ſtyle, and the particularities of expreſſion was ſurely the moſt unlikely means to ſucceed in ſuch an impoſture. I humbly preſume therefore, that this is only a farther inſtance of his diſtraction. For it is uſual with Gentlemen of diſordered faculties, to give themſelves as many different titles, as the turns of a hot unſettled imagination may poſſibly ſuggeſt to them.

The new objections in his laſt performance, that have the leaſt connexion with the ſcheme of Antiquity he would ſupport, ſhall be examined hereafter. In this Paper I will collect the more independent miſtakes, that are ſcattered up and down ſo rude a heap of miſrepreſentation and error. Theſe are only a ſpecimen of his penetration, and *the drapery* (as he terms it) of more important blunders.

And firſt, he has not rightly ſtated the Controverſy between us. I undertook not the vindication of PHILALETHES's Remarks, but the cenſure of that monſtrous ſcheme of Antiquity, ſo clamorouſly aſſerted by CALEDON. The learned Remarker himſelf was moſt proper to ſupport his own reflections; and, to the mortification of CALEDON, he has ſince ſupported them.

I am not to be blamed therefore for paſſing over the chronological argument, drawn from the authority of *Camden* and *Bede* (an argument, that CALEDON moſt unlogically terms *demonſtrative*) ſince this only affects the time, when the Scots ſettled themſelves in Britain, and could be in no wiſe *material* to my deſign.

There are other objections of his, which he is diſpleaſed that I have *omitted*. But they are ſuch kind of reaſonings, as, one would have imagin'd, the very ſilence of his adverſary would have ſufficiently refuted. A man aſleep could hardly have talked more immenſely wide from the purpoſe. For what does he mean by his *alliance between Achaius and Charlemagne?* What would he eſtabliſh by his *double Treſſure?* Did any one ever doubt, whether in the eighth century there were Scots in Britain? Or whether theſe Scots had Kings? Or whether thoſe Kings did make alliances? To what purpoſe then does he dwell on this part of the Scotiſh Hiſtory? And why am I called upon to anſwer objections, that are no objections?

He repeats his former blunder, that *Martial wrote in the Auguſtan age*. A ſchool-boy would have informed him better.

He declares, that *Uſher is inclined to think, that what paſſed under the name of Ben-Gorion was the work of St. Ambroſe*; and that *Uſher wrote doubtingly concerning the Scotiſh Antiquity*. Both propoſitions are equally falſe.

He tells us, that *Tacitus and Bede mention the Scotiſh part of Britain as reduced into an iſland by the Roman wall*: whereas *Bede* mentions no ſuch thing, and *Tacitus* ſpeaks of no Roman *wall*.—His references to *Bede*, *l.* 1. *c.* 12. and *l. xiv. c.* 26. are erroneous. In the former, the Scots are not the Iſlanders ſpoke of: the latter is a kind of ſending us to the 199th Pſalm.—His ingenuity is moſt remarkable in the following aſſertion. *It is moſt plain*, ſays he, *from the whole tract of Bede's Hiſtory, that ſince the year* 560, *the northern part of this iſland was generally called Scotia or Scotland*. It is moſt plain from hence and the citations above, that this Gentleman is a perfect ſtranger to *Bede*.——He *remits* me to *Suidas* (he calls him *Guidas*,) *Dion*, *Euſebius*, and *Spartianus*, in order to learn that *the Scots were Caledonians*. But *Suidas* mentions neither Caledonians, nor Scots. *Dion* and *Spartianus* do not mention the Scots. And *Euſebius* no where ſays, that they were Caledonians.

The ſtrange miſrepreſentations, he makes of the plaineſt things in my Letters, give us a farther idea of his accuracy and candour. Such is his modeſt reproach for *citing an Author, who wrote about* 1729, as an evidence: whom yet I have no otherwiſe named, than as an inſtance of a Critic, who, being a Scot himſelf, was not to be ſuſpected of a deſign to injure the honour, while he attacked the Antiquity of his country.

Let us now view our Highlander in his capacity of a Grammarian. And here we find him aſſuming an air of infallibility, and giving new laws to dead languages. *Caledonii*, ſays he, is *plurale tantùm*, *therefore Caledonius*, uſed as a ſubſtantive, *would not have been proper Latin*. But alas! we have only the Gentleman's word for this. No proof now, nor ſhow of proof; not ſo much as one *probable ratio dubitandi* from *Mackenzie*, nor one *demonſtrative* argument from *Camden*. It is to be preſumed, that *Buchanan* is a better ſtandard of Latin, than this muſhroom Grammarian. Yet the polite *Buchanan* could find no difficulty in writing, *alius Attacottum, alius Caledonium ſe eſſe diceret*. Buch. Hiſt. p. 42.

The Gentleman is not more fortunate in tampering with *Livy*. That Hiſtorian in the beginning of his ſixth Book ſpeaks of the obſcurity, in which he found the affairs of the firſt ages of Rome involved. They are *obſcure*, ſays he, *quum vetuſtate, &c.* 'both by reaſon of their very great antiquity'; *tum quòd et raræ per eadem tempora literæ fuere, una cuſtodia fidelis memoriæ rerum geſtarum; & quòd etiam ſi quæ in commentariis, &c.* 'and by reaſon 'that Writings, the only certain preſervers of the me 'mory of things paſt, were in thoſe ages uncommon; 'and that ſuch writings alſo, as were in the regiſters of 'the Pontiffs, and in other publick and private Archives, 'for the moſt part periſh'd in the burning of the city.' The ſentence, as it ſtands thus, is regular, clear, and pertinent. One would think there is no poſſibility of miſſing the Hiſtorian's aim. Yet behold our inauſpicious Critic. He changes, without the authority of either Copies or MSS. *memoriæ* into *memoria*; claps in *erat* between *cuſtodia* and *fidelis*; cuts *ſiquæ* off from its antecedent *literæ*; and thus fathers upon *Livy* a moſt incoherent piece of nonſenſe. The purport of which is to ſhew, that tradition is *the beſt record of things paſt*. I am aſhamed to find, that *Mackenzie*, and the Author of the Reflections upon human Learning, have given into the ſame interpretation before CALEDON. Beſides, that it is an unwarrantable deprevation of the text, it's very plain that *Livy* could have had no ſuch meaning. For why ſhould the Hiſtorian complain of the want of the common uſe of letters, if, at the ſame time, he ſays tradition is the ſureſt means of preſerving the memory of things? This is to make the Hiſtorian ſpeak inconſequently and abſurdly.

But if CALEDON has acquired no honour by *adducing Livy as an adminicle* (give me leave to uſe his words, ſince they ſhew the elegance of his ſtyle) there is one thing that will render his name immortal. And that is his diſcovery of the wonderful virtues contained under the common word *Philalethes*; which it ſeems are ſo great, as to transform the learned, who appropriate it to themſelves, into *Hermaphrodites*, women, and regicides. Our Critic gives to this plaineſt of Greek compounds the moſt unheard of etymology, that ever entered a ſkull of lead. He takes it to come from φιλα and *lethum*, a Greek and a Latin word; and renders it accordingly, *amica mortis*. What a Priſcian has this age produced! What a Grecian may North-Britain boaſt of! In the name of Dullneſs, Gentlemen, decree a double garland of poppy for ſuch a prodigy of critical learning. For he will prove by and by, that all the ſect of Philoſophers, who formerly gave themſelves the name of οι φιλαλήθεις, were aſſes and blockheads. *Philalethes*, ſays he, *is a groſs barbariſm; there is no ſuch word as lethes:* the name *ſhould have been Philo-lethi, or taking it* another *way, Philolethes*. A very compleat maſter of barbariſms! One would imagine he had ſcarce ever opened a Greek Author, or Lexicon in all his life.

We have ſeen, that CALEDON can write without thought, can demonſtrate without reaſon, is a Grammarian without languages, and a Critic without reading or judgment. It may be added, that he has pretended to Hebrew, and to Poetry: yet has nothing of the Rabbi, but the Dulneſs; nor of numbers, but the Doggrel.

Qui Bavium non odit, amet tua carmina, Mævi.

His contempt of my interpretation of *ſtagnis aquarum* does an honour to it, that he never intended. He would have ſaved his own reputation, and not in the leaſt have injured my cauſe, if he had offered a better. But he is content, it ſeems, to take a great deal of ridiculous pains to tug mine *per* force into his ſervice. He conſiders, that if *Ben-Gorion* talks of an iſland, and Scotland be not one; all his own ſchemes are broke. And therefore, right or wrong, it muſt be made appear, that this blundering Jew took Scotland for an iſland. Now if you'll grant him, that *Ben-Gorion* had read *Tacitus*, and had found in that Hiſtorian, that the *Caledonians* were pent up by *Agricola's* forts, *as it were*, into a ſeparate iſland (*ſummotis velut in aliam inſulam hoſtibus*) then perhaps the Jew may be preſumed to call *Scotland an iſland*. Well, but you'll ſay, *Ben-Gorion* does not talk of an iſland made by *forts*, but *encompaſſed by ſtanding waters*. Here my ready Hebraician has another refuge, and ſuppoſes, that there was *water*, he certainly means rain-water, *in the foſs or ditch appertaining to the wall*; he would ſay, to the *forts*. Surely never did Author and Commentator ſo exactly tally in the ſize of their intellects, as the moſt witty *Ben-Gorion*, and the moſt acute Rabbi CALEDON.

I am, &c.

Oct. 1. HIBERNUS.

Illum aget pennâ metuente ſolvi
Fama ſuperſtes.

WHO will, at Levees may attend,
And cringe at Court to have a friend,
(Sometimes careſs'd, and ſometimes flouted,
'Tis ten to one at laſt he's outed;)
To th' *London Punch-houſe* I repair,
And waſh away all anxious care,
With chearful Tiff prepar'd by ASHLEY,
Who did not form his project raſhly;
And now (to ſerve no private ends)
But purely to oblige his friends,
Still makes his Punch by a Permit,
In humble hopes it will ſeem fit,
At the next Meeting of his Betters,
To eaſe him of his preſent fetters.
Envy, that's ever prone to rail,
We're pleas'd to ſee, cannot prevail;
In ſpight of all the fuſs they're making,
The Fairneſs of the undertaking
Appears to all who taſte the Liquor,
As well the Lay-man as the Vicar.
By various ways men riſe to Fame,
And ASHLEY well a Patriot's name
Deſerves, and P—PE's or SAV—GE's rhimes,
To tell his worth to future times:
The caſe is clear, he gets no pelf,
But ſerves the Publick, not himſelf.

Slater's, Monday morning. L. LOVE-PUNCH.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

DP. *Daily Poſt.*
DJ. *Daily Journal.*
DA. *Daily Advertiſer.*
LP. *London Daily Poſt.*
G. *Daily Gazetteer.*
LE. *London Evening Poſt.*

THURSDAY, *Sept.* 30. Yeſterday Sir John Thompſon, alderman of Candlewick-ward, was choſen Lord Mayor for the year enſuing. *DP. DJ. DA.*

The ſame day the double guards were continued at Kenſington, S. James's, Somerſet-houſe and the Rolls-office; and laſt night about 500 grenadier-guards and the troop of horſe militia of Weſtminſter, were poſted in the ſuburbs of Weſtminſter, &c. *DJ.* —— All continues very quiet and it's hop'd will. *LP.* ——— Several perſons were committed, ſome to priſon and ſome to hard labour, for publickly and riotouſly publiſhing, *No Gin, no King. DJ.*

Sir Robert Walpole is not gone into the country; and 'tis ſaid he will not go till his uſual time in November. *DJ.*

Mr. Soley is appointed one of the uſhers in the court of Exchequer, in the room of Mr. Harriſon, who has reſign'd. *DA.* ——— For Soley, read Stockwell. *DA. Oct.* 1.

The beginning of this week a weaver went out of Town, deſigning to ſtay two or three days, but unexpectedly returned the ſame night, and finding a man undreſs'd in the room with his wife, he drew a knife out of his pocket, and ſtabb'd him in the breaſt and belly in ſuch a manner that he languiſh'd till yeſterday and then expir'd. *DP.* —— One night laſt week a cork-cutter in Sheppard's-alley near Garlick hill, catch'd one Mr. Ivy, a ſurgeon, juſt jump'd out of bed from his wife, &c. he languiſh'd till monday and then died. *LP.* ——The Jury have brought it in *Wilful Murder.* DP.

Married on tueſday, Mr. Charles Abbott, an eminent Spaniſh merchant, to Miſs Schomberg, only daughter to Dr. Schomberg. *DA.*

On tueſday night one Genns, a journeyman taylor, died intoxicated with Geneva at the Crown in Wapping. ——— And ſeveral lay in the ſtreets dead drunk, with their taking leave of that liquor. *DJ.*

FRIDAY, *Oct.* 1. Yeſterday the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, &c. attended by the maſters and aſſiſtants of the Salters and Apothecaries Companies, in the Apothecaries barge, went up to the Court of Exchequer at Weſtminſter, to preſent the new ſheriffs, &c. *DJ.* ——— Will. Rous and Benj. Rawlins, Eſqrs; before Mr. Baron Clive, Curſitor Baron. *G.* ——— The late ſheriffs were then ſworn to their accounts; and the ceremony of cutting twigs, and counting hob-nails and horſe-ſhoes [horſe-nails, horſe-ſhoes, and the cutting ruſhes *DA.*] was perform'd by the ſenior Alderman under the chair, by which tenure the City holds certain lands. *DJ.* ——After which they gave an elegant entertainment. *DA.* —— At Merchant Taylor's hall. *DJ. G.*

The right hon. the Earl of Cholmondeley, Chancellor of the Dutchy of Lancaſter has appointed Mr. Guidott of the King's-bench Walks in the Temple, High-bailiff of the Liberty of the Savoy, &c. *DP. DJ. G.*

The demand for linnens from Ireland increaſes daily; and ſeveral pieces have been ſold at 12 s. and 14 s. per yard. *LP.*

Guards ſtill continue at the Rolls in Chancery-lane. *LP.* —— The Horſe-guards continued patrolling laſt night, and the Middleſex and Weſtminſter Militia are ordered to keep themſelves in readineſs. *DJ.* —— But people are very quiet every where, and no diſturbance has happened. *LP. DJ.*

Several ſhops continued yeſterday to ſell Drams in Southwark, Wapping, &c. The priſoners in the liberties of the Fleet and King's-bench, thinking they can't be in a worſe condition, are reſolv'd to continue ſelling all ſorts of Drams, where a vaſt number of people repair.—As an Exciſe-man was going yeſterday morning through St. Olave's-ſtreet, near the Gully-hole, ſome people who were drinking Gin in an open ſhop, thinking he was watching the houſe, beat him in ſo barbarous a manner, that he is now under the Surgeon's hands. *DJ.*

The Diſtillers in ſeveral parts of the Town ſell a liquor, which ſeems to be a wine, with ſpices infus'd therein; and have a great trade for it. *LP.* —— Great numbers of victuallers, alehouſe keepers, &c. have provided themſelves with gooſberry-wine, currant-wine, couſlip-wine, elder-wine, &c. in order to ſupply the place of Gin, and other ſpirituous liquors *DA.*

Died yeſterday at Greenwich, Mr. John Baxter, aged 100 years in Auguſt laſt: he retained his ſenſes to the laſt moment, and wrote his own will in a ſmall and exceeding fair hand in 1714. He has been in the office of ordnance ever ſince the Revolution; and died fire-maſter's mate, a place of 80 l. per ann. *LP.*

On wedneſday night a man who kept a brandy, rum, and wine cellar in Leaden-hall-ſtreet, cut his throat with a razor, and died before 12. *DP. LP.*

SATURDAY, *Oct.* 2. On thurſday an Envoy extraordinary arriv'd from the King of Portugal with a commiſſion of very great importance; his inſtructions are to ſet out directly towards Hanover to wait on his Majeſty, after he has delivered his credentials, &c. *LP.* ——This report had no foundation. *DA. Oct.* 4. —— On ſunday he took his leave, in order to ſet out for Hanover. *DJ. Oct.* 5.

We hear that the Parliament will be appointed to ſit for the diſpatch of buſineſs on Jan. 14. *DA.*

Francis Gaſherry, Eſq; Comptroller of the Sixpenny office, is appointed Commiſſioner of the ſick and wounded ſeamen in the Navy-office. ——— And George Anne Burchett, Eſq; ſucceeds Mr. Gaſherry. *DP DA G.*

We hear, that Ralph Jenniſon, Eſq; has declined accepting the government of Barbadoes. *LP.*

On thurſday at a Court of the College of Phyſicians Dr. Pellet was re elected preſident: Dr. Wharton, treaſurer, and Dr Tyſon, Dr. Plumptree, Dr. Dodd, and Dr. Waſey, cenſors. *DP.*

Monday the Duke of Richmond, at his going out of his mayoralty, gave a great entertainment at Chicheſter to the Duke of Newcaſtle, Earl of Lincoln, &c. ——— There was an oppoſition made againſt Pet. Buck, Eſq; the mayor elect, but he carry'd it by a great majority. *DP.*

Laſt night in the entertainment of Dr. Fauſtus at the Theatre-royal in Covent-garden, when the machine wherein Harlequin, the miller's wife, the miller, and his man, was got up to the full extent of its flying, one of the wires which held the hind part of the car broke firſt, and then the other broke, and the machine, and all the people in it fell down upon the ſtage; by which unhappy accident, the young woman who perſonated the miller's wife had her thigh broke, and her knee-pan ſhatter'd, and was otherways very much bruiſed, the harlequin had his head bruiſed and his wriſt ſtrained; the miller broke his arm; and the miller's man had his ſkull ſo fractur'd, that his life is deſpair'd of; tho' the other three, in the opinion of the ſurgeons may do well. ——— All theſe unhappy people were ſervants belonging to the Theatre, and only repreſentatives in the different characters of Mr. Lun, Mr. Nivelon, Mr. Salway, and Mrs. Moreau *LP.*—Yeſterday morning died James Todd, who repreſented the Miller's man. *DA. Oct.* 4.—Mr. Conundrum *thinks theſe* ſervants *did not ſo* richly *deſerve ſuch a fall, as their* Maſter, *or the* Poet.

We hear that the priſoners in the Fleet and King's-bench have been threatened to be depriv'd of the liberties thereof, in caſe they ſell any more drams: which obliged ſeveral of them yeſterday to ſtop. *DJ.* —— Yeſterday the perſon that retailed Geneva in Fleet-lane, was prevented by the officers, &c. belonging to the warden. ——— Several publick houſes ſold punch, &c. thurſday and yeſterday, contrary to the Act: and a man in Bride-lane ſold upwards of 50 gallons of Geneva on thurſday, which brought ſuch a number of people together, that the neighbours were obliged to ſend for the officers, and he was committed to priſon. *DA.*

On monday a fiſherman caught in his common net, near Cuckold's point, a ſalmon 38 inches long, and about 17 round. *DJ.*

Laſt night her grace the Dutcheſs of Buckinghamſhire, arriv'd in S. James's-park from Aix la Chapelle. ——— Laſt night her Grace arrived. *DA Oct.* 5. ——— As did the Lord Biſhop of Chicheſter, from his ſeat in Suſſolk. *LP.* —— My Brother *has forgot the account he gave us* Sept. 25. *of his* Lordſhip's ſickneſs at his ſeat in Suſſex.

On thurſday the jury finiſh'd their enquiry in relation to the child found murdered in a ditch in Horſly-down, and found Eliz. Green, the mother, guilty of wilful murder. *DP.*

Died on wedneſday in Smith-ſtreet, Mr. Jordan, a young gentleman aged about 14, belonging to Weſtminſter ſchool, ſon of the rev. Mr. Jordan, Chancellor of Burwaſh in Suſſex. *G.* ——— Of Chicheſter. *DP. Oct.* 5. ——— Yeſterday at his houſe in Savage gardens, St. Quinton Thompſon, Eſq; eldeſt ſon of Sir John Thompſon, Lord Mayor elect. *DP.* ——— Of a dropſy. *DJ.* —— At his houſe on Blackheath. *DA.* ——— —— In Berry-ſtreet, S. James's, Andrew Charlton, Eſq; houſe-keeper to his Majeſty at Newmarket. *DP. LP.* —— By his death an eſtate of 300 l. per ann. in Shropſhire, devolves to Chriſt-church Coll. Oxon. *DA.*

On wedneſday Mr. Rich. James, near Suffolk-lane, Southwark, returning from Canterbury, his wife gave him a letter, and as he was reading it he fell down dead. *DJ.*

MONDAY, *Oct.* 4. Yeſterday the rev. Dr. Holmes preached before her Majeſty, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, &c. ——— And the rev. Dr. Butler adminiſter'd the Holy Communion to the Queen and the eldeſt Princeſſes. *DJ.*

On ſaturday a double guard mounted again at Kenſington. ——— The officers and private men of the 3 regiments of foot-guards continue to lie in their quarters, in order to repair to their alarm-poſts in caſe of any commotions. ——— Yeſterday the guard at the Rolls were relieved; but there have been no manner of diſturbances, Mother *Gin* having died very quietly: there are various drams invented and ſold at the Gin-ſhops, as *Sangree, Tow-row*, cyder boil'd with Jamaica pepper, &c. &c. &c. *LP.* ——— On friday and ſaturday ſeveral apothecaries ſhops had ſo large a call for gripe and cholick-waters, &c. by the poorer ſort of people, that the maſters were obliged to employ an additional number of hands in ſerving them. *DA.*

At the court held laſt week by the college of Phyſicians, Dr. Matthew Clark was receiv'd a fellow, Dr. Horſeman, Dr. Leatherland, and Dr. Comargue admitted candidates, and Dr. Will. Clark made a licentiate. *DP. DA.*

On friday at Newmarket the Duke of Bridgwater's Colt beat the Lord Portmore's and Lord Gower's Colts, for 100 guineas a ſide. *DP.*

The right hon. the Earl of Cardigan having purchas'd Dover houſe, has pull'd down the ſame, [not another] and is building a magnificent houſe on the ground. *DA.*

Laſt thurſday ſome Cuſtom-houſe officers, aſſiſted by a party of ſoldiers, ſeiz'd from a gang of ſmuglers 4 horſes loaded with tea, &c. between Lewes and Langhton in Suſſex, after a ſharp engagement on both ſides. *DP.*

There are letters in Town which ſay, that ——— Gordon, Eſq; governor of Penſilvania, died there lately. *DJ. G.* ——— Lieutenant governor. *DA. LP.*

Died yeſterday, of the gout, Charles Greenwood, Eſq; *DP.*

On ſaturday a Graveſend boat was overſet by a ſudden ſquall of wind near the halfway-houſe, and a man, a woman, and a young lad drowned. *DA. G.* —— Mr. Sedgwick and his wife, and an apprentice of the man who owned the boat were drowned. *LP.*

TUESDAY, *Oct.* 5. 'Tis as yet uncertain when his Majeſty will return to Great Britain. *LP.*

Yeſterday morning the guards were relieved at the Rolls, but about 6 in the evening they were diſcharged from attending there; all remains very quiet. *LP.* ——— Several perſons are ſaid to have been impriſoned for ſelling Gin. *DP.*

On friday began the matches at Newmarket, when the Duke of Bridgewater's Bay Mare won the noblemen's contribution of 100 guineas. *LP.* —— On ſaturday the Duke of Ancaſter's Grey Colt beat the Earl of Halifax's Colt for 200 guineas. *DP. DA.* ——Bay Colt. *LP.* —— And the Earl of Godolphin's Colt paid the forfeit of 150 guineas to Mr. Panton's Colt. *DP.*

On ſaturday the Count de Montijo's fine horſes, which were ſhipped for Holland, came back again to the Ambaſſador's ſtables in Ormond-yard, &c. *LP.*

Laſt night the famous Signora Strada arrived from Holland ———Sig. Dominico Anibaly, a famous ſinger, is arrived from Saxony for Mr. Handel's Opera. *DP. DA.*

Yeſterday the great oars wager was rowed from Woolwich to King's-ſtairs at the Tower, when Gurney and Maſterman, the Paul's-Wharf men beat Stevens of Whitefryars and Cave of Batterſea about a mile. *DP.* ——It was won by a ſmall ſpace, but very hard. *DJ.* —— By a great diſtance. *DA.* ——Cave of Wandſworth. *LP* —— Coffee of Wandſworth. *DA.* ———For 10 l. each man. *DJ.* ——Upwards of 500 l. was depending in betts. *LP. G.* ——600 l. *DJ.*

We hear, that a member of Parliament was robb'd on wedneſday by a ſingle highwayman on Turnham Green, who inform'd him, that he was of the branch of Diſtillers, and being depriv'd of that way of ſupport, he was entitled by an Act of Parliament to follow any other calling. ——The next day a perſon was ſtopt on Finchley-common by two highwaymen, but telling them he was a Diſtiller, they pitied him, gave him the watch word, and wiſh'd him a good journey. *DA.*

Married laſt thurſday Pawlett S. John, of Farly Eſq; to Dame Mary Tynte, relict of Sir Haſwell Tynte. *DP. DA. LP. G.*

Died, on monday the 13th, at Rotterdam, in his 70th year Rob. Pringle Eſq; *DA. LP. G.* ——Laſt week the Lady Catharine Shirley, ſiſter to the Earl of Ferrers. *LP.*

WEDNESDAY, *Oct.* 6. His honour the maſter of the Rolls, who is in Hertfordſhire, has given orders for 12 d. per diem to be pay'd to each centinel doing duty at the Rolls, 2 s. 6 d. to each ſerjeant, and 18 d. apiece to the two corporals, beſides cheeſe and bread, &c. *DP.*

Yeſterday upwards of 20 informations weregiven to the Commiſſioners of Exciſe againſt divers diſtillers, apothecaries, and others, for retailing ſpirituous liquors contrary to the Act. *DA.*

In the afternoon a woman that lives at a Dairy-cellar under the ſhop of Mr. Wilſon in the Strand, miſcarried

of five children, viz. three boys and two girls, and is in a fair way of recovery. *DA.*

Married, on ſunday at Maidenhead, George Bone Eſq; to Miſs Jenett, a very agreeable young lady, with 8000 l. *G.*

We hear, that one of the two patients ill of the ſtone, which her Majeſty ordered Mr. CHISELDEN to ſend to Mr. Ward to try his medicine on, which he pretended would diſſolve the ſtone in the bladder, was cut on monday laſt by the ſaid Mr. CHISELDEN, and a large ſtone taken from him. He had been under Mr. Ward's endeavours ſeven months, and was taken by him before the Queen ſome months ago, as one in a *fair way of recovery*.

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

Hales Owen, Sept. 29, 1736.

CASE LVIII.

Gentlemen,

I Am very much confirmed in what you have lately printed in your Paper, *that Arſenick or Rats-bane is a principal Article in Mr. W's Pill and Drop*, by the ſymptoms which they occaſioned in a neighbour of mine: he fell into a madneſs, and a violent ſwelling of his teſticles, but applying to Dr. *Truſtrum*, he recovered him 'tis true in a few weeks, but I hope others will take warning, and avoid ſuch dangerous medicines.

Your humble ſervant,

DIDYMUS.

Gentlemen,

AS Mr. *Watts* has renew'd his Advertiſement for publiſhing in Octavo, a tranſlation of PERE DU HALDE's CHINA, in oppoſition to that propoſed by Mr. *Cave* in Folio; and as all oppoſition in literary matters, which is not founded in emulation, tends to hurt literature, and ought to be diſcouraged, I judged a few remarks on their reſpective ſchemes, might not be unacceptable to the public.

Mr. *Cave* had, before Mr. *Watts* appear'd, publiſh'd five Advertiſements and ample Propoſals to the number of 6000, with a plan of the work, wherein he promis'd to give an entire tranſlation, with all the maps and cuts, as alſo to make ſeveral conſiderable improvements, which, if executed accordingly, muſt give it the preference to the French itſelf, and be an honour to the Engliſh nation.

On the other hand, we have ſeen nothing from Mr. *Watts* but a jejune Advertiſement in the News-papers, drawn up in general and ambiguous terms, as it were to induce Gentlemen who have never ſeen the original, to believe he intends a complete tranſlation, when it can only be an imperfect abridgment: for it is ſcarce poſſible, that 4 volumes in Octavo ſhould contain above one half of the original, which conſiſts of 4 large Folio's: and what will his edition be worth, if wanting the 36 particular maps (which are the chief excellence of the whole) and if defective alſo with regard to the other curious cuts, ſo neceſſary for illuſtrating the text, which appears to be the caſe?

'Tis an eaſy thing by caſtrating a book to reduce it to any price: a rich locket after the beſt diamonds are taken out, may be ſold for a trifle: and Mr. *Cave*, by mangling his Author and omitting the plates, might afford the work cheaper than Mr. *Watts* propoſes.

From what has been ſaid it is evident, that Mr. *Cave*'s edition muſt have vaſtly the preference to that of Mr. *Watts* in point of completeneſs; and as to accuracy firſt, it does not appear that Mr. *Watts*'s tranſlators have made any corrections, or that the proper names will be reduc'd to the Engliſh orthography: without which they muſt be very uncooth and diſguſtful to an Engliſh reader. Secondly, if one may judge by the title of the work as ſet forth in the Advertiſement, the tranſlation muſt be a very barbarous one. They call it *A general Hiſtory of China*, &c. *being an Hiſtorical, Geographical, Chronological, Political and Phyſical Deſcription*, &c. Within the compaſs of only theſe two lines, what terrible work have theſe learned Gentlemen (as they are ſtiled in the Advertiſement) made? (1) The words *a General Hiſtory*, &c. are no part of the title, but an addition of their own, not knowing otherwiſe, with all their learning, how to render it. (2) By this addition they have fallen into a ſtrange abſurdity, making the *Hiſtory* and *Deſcription* of a country to be the ſame, tho' evidently two diſtinct things. (3) Altho' a *Chronological* Deſcription may paſs in French, it is downright nonſenſe in Engliſh. (4) They have groſly miſtaken the ſenſe of the word *Phyſique*, in the original; which they ought to have rendered Phyſiological, or ſome other way to expreſs its relation to Natural Hiſtory; and not *Phyſical* or Medicinal.

Theſe faults are the leſs excuſable, becauſe they were pointed out by Mr. *Cave* in the *Daily Advertiſer* of *Feb.* 14, &c. whence it follows, either that Mr. *Watts*'s tranſlators, through ignorance in the Engliſh and French languages, ſtill think their verſion of the title to be right: or elſe wou'd impoſe it on the publick, knowing it to be wrong. However that be, it is manifeſt, that the thus maiming an Author, cannot proceed from any view to the benefit of the publick, but that of private intereſt only; on a preſumption that the generality of readers do not care how bad or imperfect a book is, ſo it be cheap. But we have very few inſtances that an abridgment has been encourag'd by the publick, where they could have a complete work, tho' they paid dearer for it. And methinks the man who invades another's ſcheme, ought to meet with neglect inſtead of favour from the public, unleſs he can make it appear, that he was more capable of doing juſtice to the Author, or improving the work than the firſt Undertaker. And if Mr. *Watts* can do any thing like this, the publick will have juſt reaſon to reject the edition propoſed by Mr *Cave*; but if not, as he ſeems to admit by his ſilence, then his own ought to be rejected by every encourager of learning.

I am Gentlemen,

Your humble ſervant,

A. B. C.

IN the P. S. to the *Verſes on Smoaking* in our laſt but one, the Author of the Account of the death of the *Prompter* is charged with 'having injudiciouſly attributed to Mr. *P*———, what in reality concerned Mr. 'H——, and *ſic vice verſa*.' This Charge is intirely groundleſs: for moſt of his allegations are brought againſt the Paper called the *Prompter*, conſidered in a perſonal capacity; to which, as a perſon, are juſtly imputed indiſcriminately the miſtakes and ill conduct of the two Authors; who are both anſwerable for every thing which appeared in that Paper, not under the character of any Correſpondent, but in that of the *Prompter*. And as to ſome things which are particularly *attributed* to one of thoſe Authors, none of them in *reality* at all *concerned* the other. Let the Gentleman who aſſerts the contrary, produce one ſingle inſtance, if he can.

Edinburgh, Sept. 23. We hear from Dumfries, that on thurſday fortnight a large tortoiſe was taken by ſome fiſhermen upon Blackſhaw ſands, about ſix miles from that place; at firſt they did not know what to make of it, and were in ſome fear, but afterwards gaining courage, they attack'd him with pitch-forks, which he twiſted and broke when thruſt into his mouth; being able to kill him no other way, they made a large hole in his back. He weigh'd 250 pound, the hinder part of the ſhell was beautifully ſtuck with muſcles, which ſhews he had been ſome time in our ſeas; he meaſur'd three feet in breadth, and four in length. *DA. LP. Oct.* 1.

Dublin, Sept. 21. The waters at Lough-Leighs in the county of Cavan, perform ſuch wonderful cures, for the ſcurvy, itch, cancers, ſcald-heads, ſores, ſcabs, ulcers, and venereal diſorders, that people from all parts of the kingdom are flocking thither. It is univerſally allowed, that no waters in Europe are equal to theſe, both for internal and external diſorders, which cannot be cured in Italy, or the ſouth parts of France. Our goats whey in the mountains of Moran, excels any other in Europe, and infallibly cures all conſumptive people. Our waters at Mallow are much ſuperior to thoſe of Briſtol, Scarborough, or Aix-la-Chapelle; ſo that if we have not as much riches as other nations, we have much better medicines for the preſervation or recovery of our health. *LP. Oct.* 1.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Sept.* 30. The Pope has granted the Emperor but 150,000 of the 600,000 Roman crowns demanded of him for carrying on the war againſt the Turks. *DP. DJ. DA G.* — He has been unmercifully fleeced by his Catholick ſon. *LP.*

FRIDAY, *Oct.* 1. Count de Montijo's ſecretary and part of his baggage arriv'd at Hanover, Sept. 25. and his Excellency is expected very ſoon. He is, as his ſecretary declares, charged with commiſſions of the utmoſt importance, and ſuch as muſt be vaſtly advantageous to the Britiſh nation. *DJ.*

Dreſden, Sept. 24. At the requeſt of the inhabitants of this country there was a fourth grand hunting match, in which 800 deer were killed. *DJ. G.*

SATURDAY, *Oct.* 2. We are aſſured by private Letters from Lisbon, that ſix days before the mail came away, Don Emanuel, his Majeſty's brother, had again withdrawn himſelf from court in a ſecret manner. That the whole court were under the utmoſt conſternation upon this account; and tho' courtiers had been immediately diſpatch'd to all parts of the kingdom, it was not diſcovered what route he had taken, or who were his attendants. *LP.*

MONDAY, *Oct.* 4. The Greenland fiſhing this year has been ſo prodigious, that the Dutch have taken 580 whales, and 3 young ones. The French and Spaniards have alſo taken 70. *DP. DA. LP. G.* —— If England has not come in for her ſhare of train oil and whalebone, ſhe may boaſt of having out-number'd all her neighbours in horſe-races. *DP.*

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 151 1 4th a 1 half, for the Opening. India 181. S. S. Trading Stock 100 1 half a 3 8ths. Annuities, no Price. New Annuities 111 3 8ths, a 1 half. Three per Cent. Annuity 105 a 1 4th. Million Bank 117. African 16. Royal Aſſurance 111 1 half. London Aſſurance 15. New Bank Circulation 20 s. a 22 s. 6 d. Prem. South Sea Bonds 5 l. 8 s. a 3 s. Prem India ditto 6 l. 11 s. a 14 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 6 l. 8 s. Prem. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 8 s. Welſh ditto, no Price. Salt Tallies 3 1 half a 5 1 half. Pr. Emperor's Loan 118. Three and a half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 3 4ths. Pr. Three per Cent. ditto 2 1 half a 5 8ths. Prem.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

East-India Houſe, the 24th Sept. 1736.

THE Court of Directors of the united Company of Merchants of England trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, do hereby give Notice, purſuant to a Reſolution of a General Court of the ſaid Company held this Day, that they will, on the 31ſt of March next, pay the Principal and Intereſt due on all their Bonds, which carry more than *Three per Cent. per Annum* Intereſt; and that from and after that Time all Intereſt thereon ſhall ceaſe; but that the preſent Proprietors of ſuch Bonds, are hereby allowed to the 1ſt Day of November next inclusive, to bring the ſame to the Accomptant of the ſaid Company, at their Houſe in Leadenhall ſtreet (if they think fit) to be marked, in order to be exchanged for new Bonds, carrying Intereſt after the Rate of *Three Pounds per Cent. per Annum*, from the ſaid 31ſt of March next, payable at ſix Months Notice from the Company, or the reſpective Proprietors of ſuch exchanged Bonds: And they do hereby further give Notice, That all the Intereſt which will become due on the preſent Three and a half *per Cent.* Bonds to the ſaid 31ſt of March next, will be paid by the Company at the Time of bringing ſuch Bonds to be marked, in order to be exchanged for new Bonds; and that ſuch new Bonds will be accepted in Payment for Goods bought at the Company's Sales when ſix Months Intereſt is due thereon.

This Day is publiſh'd,

PROPOSALS for Printing by Subſcription,

FRANCISCI JUNII, F. F. Etymologicum ANGLICANUM.

By EDWARD LYE, M. A.

Vicar of Little Houghton in Northamptonſhire.

Erat ſane idoneus [Scil. Junius] qui ad Linguæ Anglicanæ Ethmologicum conſcribendum Lingua Anglicana dignum accideret. In quo Opere quidem id genus omnium præſtantiſſimo, vocum noſtrarum Eryma e propriis ſuis fontibus, tam perite & perſpicue hauſit ut non tam Etymologicum Linguæ Anglicanæ, quam ejus ex cauſis Scientifica noticia diei mereatur. *Hicke's Diſſertat Epiſt.*

Subſcriptions are taken in by the Editor at the Bodlean Library, or at Houghton, and by Meſſieurs Gilliver and Clarke, at Homer's Head in Fleet-ſtreet, or at their Shop in Weſtminſter Hall; Mr. Barret, at the White Peruke in Little Jermyn-ſtreet by James ſtreet, Weſtminſter; Mr. Clements in Oxford; Mr. Crownfield in Cambridge, and by Mr. Lyon and Mr. Fowler in Northampton. Where Propoſals, with a Specimen of the Work, may be had. And alſo where may be had, *Hickes's Theſaurus Linguarum Septentrionalium.*

This Day is publiſh'd,

A TREATISE on VIRTUE and HAPPINESS. The Second Edition.

——— *Rectius hoc eſt*
Hoc faciens vivam melius, ſic Dulcis Amicis
Occurram. ——— ——— ——— Hor.

Printed for Jer. Batley and John Wood, at the Dove in Pater-noſter Row.

Where may be had, juſt publiſh'd,

French Idioms, with the Engliſh adapted, deſign'd for the uſe of thoſe, who would ſpeak, or tranſlate from, that (almoſt) univerſal Language, with propriety, by *John Kelley*, of the Inner Temple, Eſq;

This Day is publiſh'd,

(Price Six pence)

THE Fall of BOB: Or the Oracle of GIN. A Tragedy.

By Timothy Scrub, of Rag Fair, Eſq;

Say; hait thou not of Uſurpation read;
Read, of a Tyrant in his mimick Throne,
By Avarice and Cruelty entour'd,
Rule with an Iron Rod an harrass'd Land,
Oppreſs the virtuous and the nobly born;
Raiſe from the Dunghills, Miſcreants, whoſe Souls
Were form'd for Miſchief, and whoſe innate Hate
Of what was good, made 'em fit Tools of Pow'r?
Haſt thou not read of Deſolation dire,
Of ſolemn Murders, ſanctify'd by Law;
Of Judges, who have ſet their Souls to Sale,
And traffick'd in the Blood of Innocence?
Hait thou not too, of a Sham Senate read,
A Sham Protector, and his Standing Troops,
Which ſtain'd with Blood the Face of Liberty,
And drove the beauteous Goddeſs from our Iſles?
Yet Scarce ſuch Ills deſerve the Name of Woe,
When with the Loſs of Darling GIN compar'd.

Anonym.

Printed for, and ſold by J. Purſer in White Friars, A. Dodd without Temple bar, E. Nutt, R. Charlton, and E. Cook at the Royal Exchange, and by the Bookſellers of London and Weſtminſter.

Friday, Oct. 1. *began to be publiſh'd,*

(Price Six-Pence)

Neatly printed on a fine Paper, and ſtitch'd in blue Covers,

With the Depoſitions at Capt. Porteous's *Trial.*

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE:

For September, 1736.

Containing more in Quantity, and greater Variety, than any Book of the Kind and Price.

I. Proceedings and Debates in laſt Seſſion of parliament continued, (viz) Houſe of Commons; Speeches of W—— P——y, W——r P——t, S——l S——s, P—— p G——, Eſqrs. and Sir J—n B——d, in ſupporting of the Motion, for a ſecret Committee on the Navy Eſtimates: Of Sir R——t W——e, Sir C——s W——r, Sir W——m Y——ge againſt it: Of J——n P——tr, Eſq; and Lord P——th for a Reduction of the Forces, Col. *B*——n and J——n C——d——t againſt it; Reſolutions, of the Supply, Number of Forces, &c. Greenwich Hoſpital Report, State of the Aggregate Fund, Sinking Fund; Produce of the Exchequer; Petitions on undue Elections, &c. New Writs iſſued and the Return; Of Loſſes by the Spaniards.

II. Original Letters. On Literal Verſions; on A. P's Verſion; two from betray'd Damſels; H. O. to Ignoto, concerning the Eclipſe to be in February next.

III. Eſſays on various Subjects, (viz.) 1. Quadrille. 2. Orthodoxy. 3. The Deluge and firſt Ages. 4. Manners of the Venetians and Genoeſe. 5. Cruelty of the Mahometans. A counterfeit Meſſiah.

IV. Political, from the Craftſman, &c.

V. Theological points. Difference betwixt the Church of England, and that of Rome. B——p of S——b——y's Regard for poor Curates.

VI. Memoirs of Capt. B—— wrote by himſelf. Capt. Porteous's Trial, Sentence, and Petition.

VII. Poetry, moſtly original; viz. Prize Poems for the Gold Medal, No. VIII. Job, Cha. xxxviii. paraphras'd. Verſes on the Earl of B——n and Lord H——. The Diſcovery. Elegies. Epigrams, &c. Love Letters.

IX. Hiſtorical Chronicle. Aſſaſſination of Capt. Porteous. The Diſtillers Reſourſe in the preſent Dilemma.

X. Foreign Affairs.

XI. Lifts of Deaths, Births, Preferments, promotions, Bankrupts, &c.

XII. Prices of Stocks, Bill of Mortality.

XIII. Regiſter of Books.

By SYLVANUS URBAN, Gent.

Printed by E. Cave, at S. John's Gate, and ſold by the Bookſellers of Town and Country; of whom may be had moſt of the former Months, and compleat Sets of the Royal Paper.

Note, The Months of the common Paper lately out of Print, will ſpeedily be reprinted.

JOHN THIRKELL,

Doth hereby give Notice to all his Cuſtomers, &c. that he is removed from the Highlander *in* Smock-Alley, *to the* Snuff Mull, Tooley-ſtreet, *near* London-bridge, Southwark.

WHERE may be had, as uſual, the moſt ſovereign Cephalick Snuff, which was communicated by an eminent Phyſician, is of ſpecial good Uſe for all the Pains and Griefs of the Head and Brain, that cometh of a cold Cauſe; it quickening the Wit, ſharpens the Underſtanding, helps the Memory, prevents Giddineſs or Swimming in the Head, Drowſineſs or Dullneſs of the Mind, the Apoplexy and falling Sickneſs; provokes Sneezing, and thereby purgeth the Head and Brain of much Rheum and Corruption; dries up the thin Rheum that falleth upon the Stomach, which cauſeth a Conſumption; prevents the ſinging Noiſe and Pains in the Ears. Note, it hath lately been found effectual in curing Deafneſs, when all other Medicines have failed, eſpecially the obſtructing Quality coming by cold; it is good for the Eyes, and helps the Sight.

The Cephalick Snuff for Heat, which is of ſpecial good uſe for all the Griefs and Pains in the Head and Brain, proceeding from a hot Cauſe; cooleth the diſtemperd Heat of the Brain in Frenzies, or through Want of Sleep, and hot cholerick Humours, even rectifying the underſtanding of thoſe that have got too much of any Sort of ſtrong Liquor, and eaſeth the pain in the Head cauſed thereby; ſtayeth the Rheums that diſtill from the Head and Brain into the Eyes, cooleth and tempereth the Heat and Inflammations therein; as likewiſe Heats and Fluſhings in the Face, by the cooling and drying Quality thereof; ſtayeth the Defluctions of Rheums that fall upon the Gums and Teeth, ſo eaſeth the pains in them. Note, They far exceed any yet made, both for Beauty and Variety of Services, without Adulteration to ſet them off. Likewiſe makes right Scotch, High and Low dried, fine Spaniſh, plain and French Rappee, with divers other choice Snuffs.

He alſo hath improved to a higher pitch than ever, Dr. *Stoughton's Bitters*. Note, in preparing of which, being favoured with the original Receipt, and diligently conſidering the Efficacy of all the Ingredients in it, I expected it might be improved fully to anſwer the Aſſertions ſpecified in the Direction Bills; this therefore is the Fruit of much Labour and Study, and I may ſafely aver, it hath not its equal in the World for Beauty, Flavour and Efficacy; but its own excellent Vertues ſpeak forth its own praiſe.

Alſo *Daffy's Elixir Salutis* improved from the original Receipt, ſo that theſe rich Elixirs are better than in thoſe famous Doctor's days. *Godfrey's General Cordial*, the Grand Elixir for purifying and purging the Blood. *Elixir Proprietatis*, Dr. *Boſtock's Purging Cordial*, the *Bathing Spirits*, fine *Hungary Water*, and fine *Spirits of Lavander*.

As likewiſe a curious *Cholick Tincture*, or *General Medicine*, being a ſafe, innocent and ſucceſsful Cordial for the Cholick and Gripes, all Sorts of Fluxes, Gravel and Stone; being of a Chearing, Sweetning, Warming, Searching, Cleanſing, Friendly, Balſamick, Reſtorative Nature, pacifying the moſt ſevere and terrible racking pains; it evacuates by Tranſpiration, by Urine, and breaking of Wind very potently, freeing the Body of viſcous Humours lurking in it; (it generally anſwers the purpoſe, without the fatigue of Sweating, Vomiting, Purging, Binding, or Opiatick Medicines, and free of the Hazard and bad Conſequences that too often happen) being a gallant Sweetner of the Blood, and preventer of Infection; for the Cholick and Gripes, pains in the Stomach, it is the moſt ſpeedy and effectual Remedy yet found out, one or two Spoonfuls having freed them of the pain in a very ſhort Space of Time to Admiration, when all other Remedies have failed, therefore I give it the Title of *Cholick Tincture*. It is likewiſe very effectual (tho' not ſo ſpeedy) for Fluxes, the Stone and Gravel, whether in the Reins, Bladder, or Kidneys, as alſo for piſſing of Blood, proceeding from Ulcerations in the Bladder, Reins, or Kidneys, or Excoriations by Stone or Gravel, or piſſing by Drops; likewiſe the Phthiſick and Conſumption of the Lungs, *Melancholy* and nervous Diſtempers, Scurvies and Dropſies, Worms and *Agues*; it opens all Obſtructions and Stoppages whatſoever, digeſteth and diſſolveth whatſoever hath Need thereof with admirable Speed. When this Elixir comes to be as much known as ſome others, (but this is the firſt Time of making it publick) *Mercurial* and *Antimonial* Medicines will be of little Value; for when people may have Health without Hazard and Violence, the wiſe part of Mankind will rather chuſe it. This excellent Elixir is ſo great a Purifier and preventer of Infection, that if it was but made uſe of as the Direction Bills given with the Bottles direct, the Small Pox and *Meaſles* would not be ſo rife nor mortal. I am of Opinion, there would not be one in twenty troubled with this dreadful Diſtempers.

For Children it is the moſt curious Cordial made publick, whether there Afflictions be Worms, Rickets, the Stone Convulſions, Gripes, Fluxes, or any Diſtemper proceeding from Wind, Stoppages, or Cruditie:, gendered by Means of indigeſted Matter, the Effects of their cold and weak Stomachs, which is the grand and original Cauſe of thoſe their Diſtempers; it not only giveth Eaſe and maketh lively and brisk, but taketh away the Cauſe.

For a further Diſcovery of the Virtues and Uſe of this and the Elixirs above, I refer to the Direction Bills given with the Bottles, where all Merchants, Captains of Ships, Shopkeepers and others, may be ſupplied, with great Encouragement, or any charitable diſpoſed perſon, that is willing to help their poor Neighbours, that cannot help themſelves, may be ſupplied with what will prove to their Satisfaction. Likewiſe any Dealer that wan:s Repute for the Goods they deal in, will find what will commend themſelves from one to another (as well as where they are already ſold) which is the Life of Trade.

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